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St James's, Feb. 7.

THE following Addreſs was this Day preſented to His Majeſty by Sir William Gordon, Baronet, Member of Parliament for the County of Sutherland.

To the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The Humble Addreſs of the Noblemen, Deputy-Lieutenants, and other Loyal Gentlemen of the Counties of Murray, Inverneſs, Nairn, Cromarty, Roſs, Sutherland, and Caithneſs, at Inverneſs Aſſembled for His Majeſty's Service, the 10th Day of January, 1715-16.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

IT is ſomewhat extraordinary, that We, a Handful of Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Faithful Subjects, ſurrounded by Armies of Traitors and Rebels, diſtant from the auſpicious Influence of Your Forces, ſhould think of this Congratulation upon the ſeaſonable Victories that have attended Your Arms: But the ſame Almighty Providence, which has made itſelf conſpicuous in reducing this Town to Your Obedience the Twelfth, defeating the Multitude of the Rebels on the Thirteenth, by the Bravery and Conduct of the Duke of Argyll at Sherifmure, and committing to Goals a Number of abandon'd Traitors at Preſton on the Fourteenth of the ſame Month, induce us to render humble Thanks to God, and to acknowledge at the ſame time the conſummate Wiſdom of Your Majeſty's Councils.

Had this growing Miſchief been cruſhed in the Bud, the Nation would have been ſafe, but then Vipers would have been nurs'd in our Boſom, which ſome Day might poſſibly have poiſon'd the whole Conſtitution; whereas now, tho' we are ſo unfortunate as to ſee many Enemies, we know them, and hope that the profound Judgment of our happy King, will ſoon make them no more dreaded.

Suffer us to thank You, Great Sir, for the prudent Choice Your Majeſty has made of a Lord-Lieutenant for the Six Northern Shires, in the Perſon of the Earl of Sutherland; One, in whoſe Family that Office formerly was, and which his Forwardneſs at the Revolution for the Proteſtant Intereſt, his firm and ſtedfaſt Adherence to the Proteſtant Succeſſion in Your Auguſt Houſe, in the worſt of Times, do now juſtly entitle him to; and whoſe Zeal, Conduct, and Example, have ſince happily been ſhewn, in maintaining a Government which is inſeparable from our Liberty.

We hope it is not without Reaſon, that we who have ſo chearfully expoſed our ſelves in Defence of Your Majeſty's Government, expect a forcible Support; we hourly wait for it, reſolute to yield our Breath in Liberty, if we cannot live Subjects to You the beſt of Kings, for whoſe Proſperity and laſting Happineſs, we ſend up our Prayers to Almighty God, as we are at preſent ready to ſpend the laſt Drop of our Blood.

Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

St. James's, Feb. 10. The following Aſſociations and Addreſs have been preſented to His Majeſty.

An Aſſociation of the Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy-Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen, and others of the County of Pembroke, to the Number of above 2000, was preſented to His Majeſty by Brigadier Ferrers, Member of Parliament for Pembroke, introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Viſcount Townſhend, One of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

An Aſſociation of the Bayliff, Deputy Recorder, Capital and other Burgeſſes and Inhabitants of the Borough of Bewdley in the County of Worceſter and Parts adjacent. Alſo an humble Addreſs of the Bayliff and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Borough of Bewdley. Were both preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Herbert of Cherbury.

Which Aſſociations and Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Dublin, Jan. 30. On the 28th the Lords Juſtices went to the Houſe of Peers, and the Commous being ſent for thither, their Excellencies gave the Royal Aſſent to the Bills following.

An Act for granting to His Majeſty an Additional Duty on all Wines *and* Strong-Waters, *and* Spirits *perfectly made, and upon all* Spirits *made and diſtill'd of* Wine: *And alſo a Tax on* Salaries, Profits of Employments, Fees and Penſions *therein mentioned.*

An Act to attaint the Perſon who during the Life of the late King James *took upon him the Stile and Title of Prince of* Wales, *and ſince the Deceaſe of the ſaid King* James *hath aſſumed the Name and Title of* James *the Third King of* England *and* Ireland, *and*

and James *the Eighth King of* Scotland, *commonly called the* Chevalier de St. George, *or the* Pretender, *and all his Adherents; and to give a Reward of* 50000 l. Sterl. *to any Perſon who ſhall Seize and Secure the ſaid* Pretender, *if he Lands or attempts to Land in this Kingdom.*

An Act to prevent Miſchiefs that may happen by Fire.

An Act to enable Infants who are ſeized or poſſeſſed of Eſtates in Fee, in Truſt, or by way of Mortgage, to make Conveyances of ſuch Eſtates.

After which, their Excellencies made the following Speech to both Houſes.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

HAVING received Letters this Morning from England, by Expreſs from One of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, adviſing us, that there is Reaſon to believe, that this Kingdom will be very ſuddenly Invaded, we thought it our Duty to Communicate the ſame to you without Loſs of Time, that you may take ſuch Meaſures thereupon, as may beſt conduce to the Defence and Security of your Country.

Nor have we any Room to doubt, after the Aſſurances you have given in your Addreſſes, and by your voluntary Aſſociations, of your ſincere and hearty Affection for His Majeſty's Perſon and Government; but that you will Exert yourſelves upon this Occaſion, in the moſt effectual Manner to defeat ſo Horrid and Treaſonable an Attempt.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

It will be particularly Incumbent on you to take ſuch Reſolutions at this Juncture, as may enable us to do what is further neceſſary to put the Kingdom in a ſufficient Poſture of Defence, with the utmoſt Expedition.

Whatever Expence ſhall be made at this time, will be ſo much laid out to preſerve the whole; and you may depend upon it, whatever Powers you ſhall Intruſt us with, ſhall be made uſe of with the greateſt Frugality, and for the purpoſes only which you deſign them.

It is with much Satisfaction that we can Acquaint you, that His Majeſty upon our Repreſentation, has been graciouſly pleas'd out of his tender Concern for this Kingdom, to direct, that the ſeveral Regiments taken from this Eſtabliſhment, ſhall be Paid in Great Britain from the time of their Arrival there.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

As your Preſence will be abſolutely neceſſary in the Country, we muſt recommend to you all poſſible diſpatch in your Proceedings, that you may have an Opportunity of ſhewing the ſame Zeal for His Majeſty's Service, and the Preſervation of this Kingdom in your reſpective Stations, as you have done Conjoyntly and with great Unanimity in Parliament.

The Commons being returned to their own Houſe, paſſed the following Reſolutions. Reſolved, *Nemine Contradicente*, That whatever Sum or Sums of Money ſhall be advanced and paid into the Treaſury by any Perſon or Perſons at the Inſtance of their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, or other Chief Governour or Governours of this Kingdom for the Time being, for the Defence of this Kingdom, ſhall be made good by this Houſe, with legal Intereſt for the ſame, out of ſuch Aids as ſhall be granted to His Majeſty the next Seſſion of Parliament. Reſolved, *Nemine Contradicente*, That whatever Sum or Sums ſhall be paid into the Treaſury, purſuant to the foregoing Reſolution, ſhall be repaid without any Fees or Deductions whatſoever. Reſolved, *Nemine Contradicente*, That an humble Addreſs be preſented to their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, that they will be pleas'd to iſſue a Proclamation, promiſing a Reward of Ten Thouſand Pound to any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall Seize and Secure James Butler, late Duke of Ormond, if he Lands or attempts to Land in this Kingdom. *Ordered*, That Leave be given to bring in Heads of a Bill to ſubject the Eſtates Real and Perſonal of the Papiſts and Non-Jurors in this Kingdom, to make full Satisfaction for all Loſſes and Damages that Proteſtants ſhall ſuffer in caſe any Inſurrection, Invaſion, or Rebellion ſhall be fomented, carry'd on, or ſuſtain'd by the Papiſts and Non-Jurors of this Kingdom. On the 29th it was Reſolved, *Nemine Contradicente*, That an humble Addreſs be preſented to their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, that they will be pleaſed to iſſue a Proclamation, promiſing a Reward to ſuch who ſhall diſcover any Perſon who is enliſted, or ſhall hereafter enliſt in His Majeſty's Service, to be a Papiſt, in order to their being turn'd out, and puniſh'd with the utmoſt Severity of the Law.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.
The humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes in Parliament aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our ſincere Deteſtation and Abhorrence of the Villainous and Treaſonable Practices and Attempts of your Majeſty's Enemies both at Home and Abroad, to deprive us of the great Felicity and Security we enjoy in our Civil and Religious Rights under your Majeſty's moſt Excellent Government.

It is with the greateſt Satisfaction that we reflect upon the wiſe Diſpoſitions made by your Majeſty at this time of Common Danger; and as the

the Bleſſing of God has hitherto crowned your Majeſty's Arms with Succeſs, ſo we doubt not but the ſame Divine Providence will always have your Royal Perſon and Family under its more peculiar Protection, and render Vain and of none Effect the faithleſs wicked and unnatural Deſigns of all your Majeſty's Foreign and Domeſtick Foes.

Your Majeſty's tender Concern for all your Subjects has ſo manifeſtly appeared in every Action ſince your ſeaſonable Acceſſion to the Throne of your Anceſtors, that all Mankind muſt be convinced you are truly the Father of your People.

We have in a particular Manner felt the Influence of your Goodneſs, in the Choice your Majeſty has made of thoſe to whom you have entruſted the Government of this Kingdom, by whoſe prudent Adminiſtration we have hitherto been preſerved in Tranquility, whilſt an unnatural Rebellion has diſturbed the Peace of Great Britain.

We thought it our Duty, upon the firſt Advice of an Invaſion intended on this Kingdom, without loſs of Time, humbly to deſire the Lords Juſtices that they would compleat the Number of Troops upon the preſent Eſtabliſhment, and raiſe as many more as they ſhould judge neceſſary for the further Security of this your Majeſty's Kingdom; and to render this more effectual, have engaged to make good whatever Sums of Money ſhall be advanced by any Perſon for that Service.

And as your faithful Commons have laid hold of every Occaſion, to ſhew their unſhaken Zeal and Affection for your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, ſo they are firmly determined always to purſue the ſame Meaſures, and uſe all poſſible Means to defeat the Deſigns of a Popiſh Pretender, and of all his Adherents.

The Anſwer of the Lords Juſtices.

WE ſhall take Care to lay this Loyal Addreſs before his Majeſty, wherein his faithful Commons of Ireland have ſhewn that their Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and the Security of their Country, riſes in proportion to the Malice of his Enemies.

To their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices General and General Governors of Ireland.

The humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes in Parliament Aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Excellencies,

WE His Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons of Ireland in Parliament Aſſembled, beg Leave to attend your Excellencies with our humble Thanks for your Speech from the Throne.

The early Intimations your Excellencies have given us of the Traitrous Deſigns of His Majeſty's Enemies to Invade this Kingdom, the great Care you have already taken for our Security, and the ſeaſonable Orders your Excellencies have been pleaſed to iſſue for the apprehending the ſeveral ſuſpected Perſons now in Cuſtody, require our moſt grateful Acknowledgements, are a farther Proof of the Wiſdom and Vigilance of your Excellencies Adminiſtration, and will, we doubt not, in a great Meaſure contribute to the diſappointing the Deſigns of the Pretender and his Adherents.

Nor can we omit this Opportunity of expreſſing the juſt Senſe we have of your Excellencies Repreſentation to His Majeſty, upon which His Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed out of His tender Concern for this Kingdom, to direct that the ſeveral Regiments taken from this Eſtabliſhment ſhall be paid in Great-Britain from the Times of their reſpective Arrival there, and at the ſame time to deſire your Excellencies will be pleaſed to give immediate Orders for the raiſing ſuch Troops as will compleat the preſent Eſtabliſhment, and as many more as your Excellencies ſhall from time to time think neceſſary for the further Security of the Kingdom at this critical Juncture; and we aſſure your Excellencies that whatever Money ſhall be expended on this Occaſion, ſhall be made good at our next Meeting in Parliament.

The Anſwer of the Lords Juſtices.

Gentlemen,

YOU have expreſſed ſo vigorous a Reſolution in this Addreſs for the Security of your Country, and ſo far enabled us to contribute to it by your Vote of Credit, that we hope by the Bleſſing of God we ſhall be able to defeat the Deſigns of the Pretender and all his Adherents againſt this Kingdom.

As the Powers you have entruſted us with are a Mark of the entire Confidence you place in us, ſo you may reſt aſſured they ſhall be made uſe of in ſuch Manner as may beſt deſerve your Approbation.

Ratisbon, Jan. 27. Letters from Buda of the 18th Inſtant, ſay a Party of Croats and Raſſians had made an inroad into the Turkiſh Territories, plunder'd ſome Villages, killed ſeveral of the Inhabitants, and brought away others Priſoners; but on their Return ſome of them were ſeiz'd and confin'd by the Emperor's Officers. This is look'd upon by the Turks as an Infraction of the Peace: The Seraskier has given Notice of it to the Port, and ſent an Expreſs to the Governour of Peterwaradin, to demand Satisfaction, and the Puniſhment of the Offenders; and if that is refuſed, the Turks threaten to make Repriſals.

Ratisbon, Feb. 10. Letters from the Frontiers of Boſnia bring Advice, that a Party of 500 Dalmatians having made an Incurſion towards Liono, were diſcover'd too ſoon, and almoſt all cut off in an Ambuſh the Turks had laid for them. By Orders from the Port, the Road over the Mountains towards Teſſin, was enlarging and mending, notwithſtanding the deep Snows, and Directions were given for repairing the neceſſary Bridges. From

theſe

theſe Preparations which were making as privately as poſſible, and from the Pains the Turks took to inform themſelves of the Paſſes over the Save, and thro' the Woods to the Rivers Drave and Muhr, it was thought they deſign'd to make a Diverſion on that Side againſt the Emperor's Hereditary Countries. And the better to conceal their Meaſures, they would not ſuffer any of their Chriſtian Subjects to paſs the Frontiers, not even to Church, as they were formerly allow'd, except they had a Turk with them for their Juſtification; nor had they Liberty to chuſe the Turk they pleaſed, but had one aſſign'd them by the reſpective Magiſtrates, to give an Account of their Conduct, and at the ſame time Spy out what was doing amongſt the Chriſtians. Notwithſtanding theſe Notices, and all the other Preparations, the Letters from Vienna ſtill talk very differently as to a War with the Port. There is however great Appearance it will follow, tho' both Sides have offer'd to make Satisfaction for the little Ravages lately happen'd on the Frontiers, ſeeming equally unwilling to give the firſt Occaſion to the Rupture.

Edinburgh, Feb. 5. On the 1ſt Inſtant about One in the Morning the Duke of Argyll arrived at Perth, with 400 Dragroons; the Detachment of 1000 Foot which ſet out with him from Tullibardin got thither about Ten that Morning, and the reſt of His Majeſty's Troops in the Evening. On the 2d his Grace advanced to Erroll, with 6 Squadrons of Dragoons, 3 Battallions, and 800 detached Foot. On the 3d his Grace proceeded to Dundee with the ſame Detachment, and the reſt of the Army arrived there on the 4th. The Rebels with the Pretender having retired from Dundee to Montroſe, his Grace ſent a Detachment on the 3d towards Aberbrothick. On the 4th in the Morning his Grace ordered Major-General Sabine, with 3 Bartallions, 500 detached Foot, and 50 Dragoons, to march to Aberbrothick: And there being two Roads to Montroſe, one by Brechin, the other by Aberbrothick, his Grace detached the ſame Day Collonel Clayton with 300 Foot and 50 Dragoons, to march by the Way of Brechin; giving Orders, as well to Major-General Sabine as to Collonel Clayton, to ſet the Country People to work to clear the Roads. His Grace having divided the reſt of his Army into two Bodies, for marching with the greater Expedition, proceeded this Morning with all the Cavalry by the upper Road towards Brechin, as did Lieutenant-General Cadogan with the Infantry towards Aberbrothick, the whole Army being to join to Morrow near Montroſe. To Day about Noon Lieutenant-General Cadogan advancing to Aberbrothick received Advice, that the Pretender imbarked laſt Night with the Earl of Mar, and others of his principal Adherents, and put to Sea in ſo great Hurry and Precipitation, that the Earl of Mariſhal and others had not time to get aboard. From the Day that the Rebels abandoned Perth, great Numbers deſerted continually; the moſt part of thoſe of Angus, Fife, and Perthſhire diſperſed themſelves over the Country, and many of the Highlanders returned home; ſo that not above 1000 Men of them were left together at Montroſe, and thoſe are gone towards Aberdeen with the utmoſt Expedition, in order ('tis ſuppoſed) to get from thence into the Mountains. The Duke of Argyll continuing his Purſuit of them, 'tis reckoned His Majeſty's Army will arrive at Aberdeen by the 10th Inſtant.

Whereas ſeveral Perſons employed to Sollicit the Condemnation of Prizes taken by His Majeſty's Ships of War, during the late War, have not only neglected to attend His Majeſty's Procurator-General with the Papers relating to ſuch Prizes, but have endeavoured to obſtruct the uſual Courſe of Proceedings in the High Court of Admiralty of England, and delayed the Condemnation of ſeveral Prizes, to the great Injury of the poor Marriners, and to conceal their Neglects, have untruly reported that the Court of Admiralty for Condemnation of Prizes is not yet ſettled, although purſuant to a Commiſſion under the Great Seal of Great Britain, the Right Honourable the Lords of the Admiralty ſent down their Warrant, dated the 15th of October laſt, directed to the Right Worſhipful Sir Henry Penrice, Knt. Doctor of Laws, and Judge of the ſaid Court, requiring and impowering him to proceed in all Cauſes relating to Prizes, and ſeveral Prizes have been ſince condemned; Henry Farrant, Eſq; His Majeſty's Procurator-General, doth hereby give Notice to the Captains, Officers, and Marriners of His Majeſty's Ships the Tartar and Nottingham, and to their Agents, that he hath taken out Monitions, under the Seal of the ſaid Court, for Condemnation of the Ships Floriſſant, Fortune of Marſeilles, and the Triumphant-Galley, taken as Prize by the ſaid Men of War; and that the ſaid Prizes may be condemned, when the Parties concerned apply to the ſaid Procurator-General. And all other Captains, Officers, and Marriners of Men of War, and their Agents, may hereby take Notice, that their Prizes may be condemned, upon due Application to the ſaid Procurator-General, at his Chambers over-againſt the Garden-Gate in Doctors-Commons.

The Directors of the Royal Hoſpital for Seamen at Greenwich, do hereby give Notice, That ſuch Maſons as are willing to contract with them for Work to be performed there this Year, may give in their Propoſals to them ſealed up, on Saturday the 18th of this Inſtant, at Ten in the Morning, in the ſaid Hoſpital: And in the mean Time may be inform'd of the Nature of the Buſineſs, by the Clerk of the Works there.

Notice

Notice is hereby given, by the Order of the Governour of the Company of Mine-Adventurers of England, That a General Court of the ſaid Company is to be held on Tueſday the 21ſt of this Inſtant February, at Ten in the Morning at the ſaid Company's Houſe, ſituate in St. Mildred Bread-Street Church-Yard, in the City of London.

All Perſons concerned in the Spaniſh Expedition, are deſired to meet at Garaway's Coffee-Houſe, on Thurſday the 16th Inſtant, at Four in the Afternoon, in order to chuſe Truſtees for the ſpeedy Concluſion of that Affair.

Advertiſements.

*** **The firſt of the four Books of Palladio's Architecture** having been delivered to moſt part of the Subſcribers long ago, the Gentlemen whoſe Lodgings could not be found, are deſired to ſend for their Book at Mr. Peter Dunoyer's, a Bookſeller, at the Eraſmus's Head in the Strand, near the Fountain Tavern, where Subſcriptions ſhall be taken for the few Copies left of the ſaid Book, or at Mr. Leoni's Lodging, at Mr. Robinſon's a Linnen-Draper, near St. James's Market. N. B. the ſecond Book will be ſoon ready for the Preſs, to compleat the firſt Volume, at the End of which, the Notes of Inigo Jones, promiſed by the Propoſals, ſhall be added. In the ſaid Shop of P. Dunoyer, any Gentleman may have Ant. Van Dyk's Heads, in 10 Sheets, Royal Paper.

IN purſuance of an Order from the Right Honourable the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, the ſeveral real Eſtates late of Joſeph Quaſh, lying in the City of Exeter, and County of Devon, (which are extended for His Majeſty's Uſe) are to be ſold to the beſt Bidder: And all Perſons who are deſirous to purchaſe the ſame, are to deliver in their Propoſals in Writing, to John Harding Eſq; the Deputy of His Majeſty's Remembrancer, at his Office in the Inner Temple, on or before the 5th Day of March next. A Particular of which Eſtate, is left with the ſaid Deputy Remembrancer.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Reverſion of ſeveral Farms and Lands lying in Stoke next Guildford in the County of Surry, Part of the Eſtate of Sir Lawrence Stoughton, Baronet, deceas'd, is to be ſold before Sir Thomas Gery, Knt. one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, to the beſt Bidder, upon the Firſt Day of Eaſter Term next. Particulars of the ſaid Eſtate may be had at the ſaid Sir Thomas Gery's Houſe in Southampton Buildings near Chancery-lane.

THE Manor of Willaſton in the County of Salop, and Lands thereto belonging, late the Eſtate of William Willaſton, Gent. deceaſed, being lately ſold by Decree of the High Court of Chancery, for Satisfaction of the Debts and Incumbrances thereon: All Perſons having Debts due to them which affect the ſaid Eſtate, are deſir'd forthwith to produce their Securities, and make out their Claims before John Meller, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-Inn, in Chancery-Lane.

TO be ſold an Improveable Eſtate, conſiſting of two Mannors called the Mannors of Amphryes and Lyndſey, and ſeveral Farms, in the Counties of Suffolk and Eſſex, well Timber'd, all lying together within a few Miles of Ipſwich, St. Edmunds-Bury, and Colcheſter, of the yearly Value of 172 l. or thereabouts. Particulars thereof may be had of Mr. Jabez Collier, at his Chambers in Symonds-Inn in Chancery-lane, Lond n.

A Farm and Lands in Mendham and Witherſdale, in the County of Suffolk, Let at 50 l. per Annum, is to be Sold purſuant to a Decree in the High Court of Chancery, before John Orlebar, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-Lane, London, where a Particular of the ſaid Farm may be had.

THE Antelope Inn, ſituate in the Burrough of Chipping-Wycombe in the County of Bucks, with the Appurtenances, and two Meſſuages thereto adjoining, and about Ten Acres of Meadow Ground, late the Eſtate of Richard Rutt, Sen. deceas'd, to be ſold by the Decree of the High Court of Chancery to the beſt Bidder, before Fleetwood Dormer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Office in Lincoln's-Inn.

ALexander Mackqueen, a Scotch-man, who travell'd with a Pack; about Aſhford in Kent, having been miſſing ſeveral Months, if he is Living, he is deſired to write to his Friends in London, or if he be Dead, the Perſon who gives Account of the Place where, and the Time when he Deceas'd, ſhall be well rewarded, by Lewis Yonge, at the Sign of the Artichoak in Cheapſide. Note, It hath been reported, that a Scotch-man was robb'd and kill'd near Aſhford.

ALL Perſons that have any Jewels, Plate or Rings, or wearing Apparel, or other Goods in the Hands of Francis Underwood, at the Golden Ball in Holbourn, are deſired to fetch them in two Months Time, or they will be diſpoſed of, the ſaid Francis Underwood being dead.

WHereas by an Act of Parliament made in the 8th and 9th Years of the Reign of his late Majeſty King William, it is enacted, That after the 25th of March, 1697, no Silver Veſſel, Plate, or Manufacture of Silver, ſhall be wrought or made leſs in Fineneſs than 11 Ounces 10 Penny-Weights of fine Silver in every Pound Troy: Nor Sold or Exchang'd, if made after that Time, (unleſs it be ſilver Wire, or ſmall Things not capable of receiving a Mark) until the ſame hath been mark'd with the two firſt Letters of the Sirname of the Worker, and with the Marks of the Company of Goldſmiths, London, (being a Lion's-Head eraſed, the Figure of a Woman, commonly call'd Brittannia, and a Mark denoting the Year) under the Penalty of Forfeiture thereof. And whereas ſeveral Workmen, notwithſtanding the ſaid Act, do frequently work up and vend divers Wares and Manufactures of Silver, being one third Part worſe than the ſaid Act directs, to the great Detriment of his Majeſty's Subjects, and Diſcredit of the ſaid Trade; (the new Sterling Silver looking much cleaner and whiter, and wearing better than Silver of a courſer Allay:) Theſe are therefore to give Notice to all Perſons that Work, Buy, or Sell any Wares or Manufacture of Gold or Silver, That the Wardens of the ſaid Company of Goldſmiths, London, are reſolv'd to Proſecute all ſuch as ſhall Work or Expoſe to Sale any Veſſel or Manufacture of courſe Silver contrary to the ſaid Act, with the utmoſt Rigour of Law.

THESE are to give Notice, that the Commiſſion of Bankrupt lately awarded againſt William White, late of London, Cheeſemonger, is Superſeded.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded againſt John Peale of London, Vintner, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners on the 17th and 24th Inſtant, and on the 12th of March next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees.

THE Commiſſioners in a renewed Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Kendrick Liſle, late of Newport in the Iſle of Wight, Maulſter, intend to meet on the 28th Inſtant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a ſecond Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid Contribution-Money, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they'll be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas Edward Bland of Weſt-Smithfield, London, Chapman, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice Examined; this is to give Notice, That he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 27th Inſtant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finiſh his Examination; where his Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and aſſent to, or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded againſt James Strickland of London, Saleſman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners on the 16th and 23d Inſtant, and on the 12th of March next, at Three in the Afternoon of each Day, at Guildhall, London; at the firſt of which Sittings, the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees.

WHereas Notice was given in the Gazette of the 24th of January laſt, for the Creditors of Jacob Reiz Mendes of London, Merchant, to chuſe Aſſignees the Ninth Inſtant, at Guildhall, London, This is to give Notice, that the Sitting of the Commiſſioners is adjourned to Thurſday the 16th Inſtant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when, and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Nicholas Morſe of London, Merchant, intend to meet on the 29th of this Inſtant February, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; where the Creditors that have not already proved their Debts and paid their Contribution-Money, are then to come prepared to do the ſame, or they'll be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas Francis Rous of the Strand, Druggiſt, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice Examined; this is to give Notice, That he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 27th of February Inſtant, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finiſh his Examination; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and aſſent to, or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

DR. Stoughton's great Cordial Elixir; which for all Ailments of the Stomach, and Impurities of the Blood, as Scurvys, Dropſys, &c. Excells any one Preparation that ever was made; 'tis the moſt pleaſant Bitter in the World; moſt Gentlemen drink it in Wine, Ladies in Tea, and others in Beer, Ale, Cyder, &c. now famous throughout moſt Parts of Europe; few go to Sea, or Travel without it, and Merchants ſend great Quantities abroad, as appears lately in the Bills of Entry; and moſt Captains and Maſters of Ships, take it with them, it ſelling beyond Sea at a great Price, and there is room for large Profit: The Virtues and Effects of which, are ſufficiently known, and in the Bills with it particularly deſcribed, being in French, Dutch, and Spaniſh, as well as Engliſh, prepared only by the ſaid Dr. Stoughton in Bartholomew-lane, near the Royal-Exchange, he having her late Majeſty's moſt gracious Letters Pattents for the ſole making the ſame.

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